



COMMON

RequestMappingMetadata

Kind: Interface

VERSION
47

UPDATED
7 August 2026

DOCUMENT

reference-subsystem-packages-common/interface-requestmappingmetadata

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Kind: Interface

Source: `packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts`

Part of: [Common](#)

`RequestMappingMetadata` describes the routing information attached to an HTTP request handler. It combines one or more URL paths with a `RequestMethod`, allowing request-mapping decorators and routing infrastructure to register controller endpoints consistently.

1 Properties

Property	Type
<code>path</code>	<code>string</code>
<code>method</code>	<code>RequestMethod</code>

2 Diagram

```
graph LR
  A[RequestMappingMetadata] --> B[path: string | string[]]
  A --> C[method: RequestMethod]
  B --> D[Single route path]
  B --> E[Multiple route paths]
  C --> F[HTTP verb]
  F --> G[Router registration]
```

3 Usage

```
import { RequestMethod } from '@nestjs/common';
import type { RequestMappingMetadata } from './request-mapping.decorator';

const mapping: RequestMappingMetadata = {
  path: ['/users', '/accounts'],
  method: RequestMethod.GET,
};

// Example decorator metadata consumed by the HTTP router.
function registerRoute(metadata: RequestMappingMetadata) {
  for (const path of Array.isArray(metadata.path)
    ? metadata.path
    : [metadata.path]) {
    console.log(`Registering ${RequestMethod[metadata.method]} ${path}`);
  }
}
```

```
}  
  
registerRoute(mapping);
```

4 AI Coding Instructions

- Use `path` as a string for a single route or a string array when the same handler supports multiple routes.
- Always provide a valid `RequestMethod` enum value; do not use raw HTTP method strings unless converted first.
- Normalize `path` to an array before iterating over route mappings in router integration code.
- Keep this metadata focused on route path and HTTP method; add unrelated handler metadata through separate interfaces or decorators.

5 How it works

- `RequestMappingMetadata` is an exported TypeScript interface used as the `metadata` argument type for the `RequestMapping` method-decorator factory. It declares two optional fields: `path`, a string or string array, and `method`, a `RequestMethod` enum member.
[packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts:4-7](#)
[packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts:14-16](#)
- `path` corresponds to the `PATH_METADATA` key, whose string value is `'path'`; `method` corresponds to `METHOD_METADATA`, whose string value is `'method'`. [packages/common/constants.ts:10](#)
[packages/common/constants.ts:17](#)
- Its `method` type is the `RequestMethod` enum. The enum contains `GET`, `POST`, `PUT`, `DELETE`, `PATCH`, `ALL`, `OPTIONS`, `HEAD`, `SEARCH`, and WebDAV-related members through `UNLOCK`.
[packages/common/enums/request-method.enum.ts:1-18](#)
- When passed to `RequestMapping`, a non-empty `path` value is retained; an omitted path, empty string, or empty array becomes `'/'`. An omitted or falsy `method` becomes `RequestMethod.GET`.
[packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts:9-19](#) The decorator writes the resulting path and request method as reflection metadata on the decorated method's function (`descriptor.value`). [packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts:21-29](#)
- The interface contains no runtime validation or error handling itself. Its observable runtime effect occurs only through `RequestMapping`, which calls `Reflect.defineMetadata` for both keys.
[packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts:4-7](#)
[packages/common/decorators/http/request-mapping.decorator.ts:26-27](#)

- During controller route discovery, the stored path and method metadata are read from the prototype method. A string path is converted to a one-element path array after adding a leading slash; an array is mapped the same way per element. If no path metadata exists, that method is not treated as a route.
[packages/core/router/paths-explorer.ts:53-82](#)