

EventProcessor

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EventProcessor

Kind: Class**Source:** `src/adapter/aws-lambda/handler.ts`**Part of:** [Adapter](#)

`EventProcessor` adapts an AWS Lambda API Gateway event into a standard `Request` and converts the processed response into an `APIGatewayProxyResult`. It reads request path, method, query parameters, headers, cookies, and domain data while applying response headers and cookies to the Lambda result.

Methods

Method	Signature	Returns
<code>getPath</code>	<code>getPath(event: E)</code>	<code>string</code>
<code>getMethod</code>	<code>getMethod(event: E)</code>	<code>string</code>
<code>getQueryString</code>	<code>getQueryString(event: E)</code>	<code>string</code>
<code>getHeaders</code>	<code>getHeaders(event: E)</code>	<code>Headers</code>
<code>getCookies</code>	<code>getCookies(event: E, headers: Headers)</code>	<code>void</code>
<code>setCookiesToResult</code>	<code>setCookiesToResult(result: APIGatewayProxyResult, cookies: string[])</code>	<code>void</code>
<code>getHeaderValue</code>	<code>getHeaderValue(headers: E['headers'], key: string)</code>	<code>`string</code>
<code>getDomainName</code>	<code>getDomainName(event: E)</code>	<code>`string</code>
<code>createRequest</code>	<code>createRequest(event: E)</code>	<code>Request</code>
<code>createResult</code>	<code>createResult(event: E, res: Response, options:</code>	<code>Promise<APIGatewayProxyResult></code>

Method	Signature	Returns
	Pick<HandleOptions, 'isContentTypeBinary'>)	
setCookies	setCookies(_event: E, res: Response, result: APIGatewayProxyResult)	void

Where it refuses work

- `EventProcessor` stops the work with an early return when `event.requestContext && 'domainName' in event.requestContext` .
- `EventProcessor` stops the work with an early return when `hostFromHeaders` .

Diagram

```
graph LR
  Event[API Gateway event] --> Processor[EventProcessor]
  Processor --> Request[Request]
  Request --> Handler[Application handler]
  Handler --> Response[Response]
  Response --> Processor
  Processor --> Result[APIGatewayProxyResult]
```

Usage

```
import { EventProcessor } from "../adapter/aws-lambda/handler";

async function handleInvocation(processor: EventProcessor) {
  const request = processor.createRequest();

  const response = await app.fetch(request);

  response.headers.forEach((value, name) => {
    // Apply response headers through the processor integration.
    processor.getHeaders().set(name, value);
  });

  return processor.createResult();
}
```

AI Coding Instructions

- Keep AWS event parsing inside `EventProcessor` ; pass `createRequest()` output to application code that expects a standard `Request` .
- Read request metadata through `getPath()` , `getMethod()` , `getQueryString()` , `getHeaders()` , and `getDomainName()` instead of accessing event fields in downstream handlers.
- Preserve cookie handling through `getCookies()` and `setCookiesToResult()` so Lambda response cookies are emitted in the expected result format.
- Return the value from `createResult()` at the Lambda boundary, where an `APIGatewayProxyResult` is required.

How it works

`EventProcessor` is an exported abstract base class for translating one of the supported AWS Lambda event shapes into a Web `Request` , and translating a Web `Response` into an `APIGatewayProxyResult` . Its generic event type `E` must extend the `LambdaEvent` union of API Gateway v1, API Gateway v2, ALB, and Lattice v2 events. [src/adapters/aws-lambda/handler.ts:23-27](#) [src/adapters/aws-lambda/handler.ts:278-278](#)

Concrete subclasses must define how to extract a path, HTTP method, query string, headers, cookies, and response cookies for their event shape. [src/adapters/aws-lambda/handler.ts:279-289](#)