

OutboxService

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Kind: Service**Source:** atloria-monorepo/apps/api/src/docs-repo/outbox.service.ts

OutboxService — the transactional outbox for the docs substrate.

`record` is called AFTER a successful content mutation (publish/reconcile/regen). It is fire-and-forget and RESILIENT: it writes ONE row and NEVER throws into the caller — a

failed outbox insert must not fail the request that already succeeded. The committer worker drains these rows and coalesces them into repo commits.

`OutboxService` implements the transactional outbox for the documentation substrate. After a successful content mutation—such as publish, reconcile, or regeneration—it records a durable event without allowing outbox failures to affect the completed request. A committer worker later drains pending events, coalesces them into repository commits, and marks or retries processed rows.

Methods

Method	Signature	Returns	Description
<code>record</code>	<code>record(projectId: string, eventType: string, payload: Record<string, unknown>)</code>	<code>Promise<void></code>	Record a single outbox event.
<code>drainPending</code>	<code>drainPending(limit: unknown)</code>	<code>Promise<OutboxBatch[]></code>	Read up to <code>limit</code> unprocessed rows (oldest first) grouped by project — the unit the

Method	Signature	Returns	Description
			committer coalesces into one commit per project.
<code>pendingForProject</code>	<code>pendingForProject(projectId: string, limit: unknown)</code>	<code>Promise<OutboxEvent[]></code>	All unprocessed rows for one project (oldest first) — the committer's drain unit.
<code>pendingDepth</code>	<code>pendingDepth()</code>	<code>Promise<number></code>	Total unprocessed rows across all projects — the outbox-depth health signal (backlog size).
<code>markProcessed</code>	<code>markProcessed(ids: string[])</code>	<code>Promise<void></code>	Mark rows processed once their coalesced commit landed.
<code>incrementAttempts</code>	<code>incrementAttempts(ids: string[])</code>	<code>Promise<void></code>	Bump the retry counter for rows whose coalesced commit FAILED.

Dependencies

- `PrismaService`

Where it refuses work

- `OutboxService` stops the work with an early return when `!ids.length`, in 2 places.

When something fails

- `OutboxService` handles failure in 1 place: it logs it and continues in all 1.

Diagram

```
sequenceDiagram
    participant Mutation as Content Mutation
    participant Outbox as OutboxService
    participant DB as Outbox Storage
    participant Worker as Committer Worker
    participant Repo as Docs Repository

    Mutation->>Mutation: Publish / reconcile / regenerate succeeds
    Mutation->>Outbox: record(event)
    Outbox->>DB: Insert one pending outbox row
    alt Insert fails
        Outbox-->>Mutation: Resolve without throwing
    else Insert succeeds
        Outbox-->>Mutation: Resolve
    end

    Worker->>Outbox: drainPending()
    Outbox->>DB: Fetch pending events grouped into batches
    DB-->>Outbox: OutboxBatch[]
    Outbox-->>Worker: Pending batches

    Worker->>Repo: Coalesce and commit batch changes
    alt Commit succeeds
        Worker->>Outbox: markProcessed(eventIds)
        Outbox->>DB: Mark rows processed
    else Commit fails
        Worker->>Outbox: incrementAttempts(eventIds)
        Outbox->>DB: Increment retry attempts
    end
end
```

Usage

```
import { Injectable } from '@nestjs/common';
import { OutboxService } from '../outbox.service';

@Injectable()
export class DocsPublishService {
```

```

constructor(private readonly outboxService: OutboxService) {}

async publishDocument(projectId: string, documentId: string): Promise<void> {
  // Perform and complete the primary content mutation first.
  await this.publishContent(projectId, documentId);

  // Fire-and-forget resilient recording: this must not fail publishing.
  void this.outboxService.record({
    projectId,
    documentId,
    type: 'document.published',
  });
}

private async publishContent(
  projectId: string,
  documentId: string,
): Promise<void> {
  // Persist published document content.
}
}

// Example committer worker flow:
async function processOutbox(outboxService: OutboxService) {
  const batches = await outboxService.drainPending();

  for (const batch of batches) {
    try {
      await commitBatchToRepository(batch);
      await outboxService.markProcessed(batch.events.map((event) => event.id));
    } catch {
      await outboxService.incrementAttempts(
        batch.events.map((event) => event.id),
      );
    }
  }
}

```

AI Coding Instructions

- Call `record()` only after the primary publish, reconcile, or regeneration mutation has completed successfully.
- Treat `record()` as resilient fire-and-forget behavior; do not make a successful content request depend on an outbox insert succeeding.
- Use `drainPending()` from the committer worker, then coalesce each returned `OutboxBatch` into as few repository commits as possible.

- Call `markProcessed()` only after the corresponding repository commit succeeds; call `incrementAttempts()` when processing or committing fails.
- Use `pendingForProject()` and `pendingDepth()` for diagnostics, monitoring, and backpressure visibility rather than as the primary worker-drain mechanism.

Relationships

- `DEPENDS_ON` → `PrismaService`

Referenced By

- `CollaborationService` (`DEPENDS_ON`)
- `DocsRepoModule` (`MODULE_PROVIDES`)
- `DocsRepoModule` (`MODULE_EXPORTS`)
- `OutboxPollerService` (`DEPENDS_ON`)
- `DocumentService` (`DEPENDS_ON`)
- `DocAutomationService` (`DEPENDS_ON`)
- `TranslationsService` (`DEPENDS_ON`)
- `SnippetsService` (`DEPENDS_ON`)