

# OptionalJwtAuthGuard

September 4, 2026

## OptionalJwtAuthGuard

**Kind:** Service

**Source:** [atloria-monorepo/apps/api/src/auth/guards/optional-jwt-auth.guard.ts](https://github.com/atloria-monorepo/apps/api/src/auth/guards/optional-jwt-auth.guard.ts)

### Optional JWT Auth Guard

This guard attempts to authenticate the user via JWT but doesn't require authentication. If a valid JWT is present, `req.user` will be populated. If not, the request continues with `req.user` undefined.

Use this for public endpoints that need optional authentication (e.g., public document viewer that shows more content for authenticated users).

`OptionalJwtAuthGuard` is a NestJS guard that attempts to authenticate incoming requests using a JWT without enforcing authentication. If a valid token is present, it attaches the decoded user to `req.user`; otherwise, the request proceeds normally with `req.user` remaining `undefined`. Use it for public endpoints that can enhance responses when a user is authenticated.

## Methods

| Method                     | Signature                                           | Returns              |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <code>handleRequest</code> | <code>handleRequest(err: any, user: TUser)</code>   | <code>TUser</code>   |
| <code>canActivate</code>   | <code>canActivate(context: ExecutionContext)</code> | <code>unknown</code> |

## Where it refuses work

- `OptionalJwtAuthGuard` stops the work with an early return when `err || !user`.

## Diagram

```
sequenceDiagram
    autonumber
    participant C as Client
    participant N as NestJS Pipeline
    participant G as OptionalJwtAuthGuard
    participant J as Jwt Strategy / Auth Service
    participant R as Controller/Route Handler

    C->>N: HTTP Request (may include Authorization: Bearer <jwt>)
    N->>G: canActivate(context)
    G->>J: Validate JWT (if present)
    alt JWT valid
        J-->>G: user payload
        G-->>N: allow; set req.user = payload
    else No JWT or invalid JWT
        J-->>G: validation fails / no token
        G-->>N: allow; req.user remains undefined
    end
    N->>R: Invoke handler
    R-->>C: Response (optionally tailored by req.user)
```

## Usage

```
import { Controller, Get, Req, UseGuards } from '@nestjs/common';
import { Request } from 'express';
import { OptionalJwtAuthGuard } from '../auth/guards/optional-jwt-auth.guard';

@Controller('documents')
export class DocumentsController {
  @Get('/:id/view')
  @UseGuards(OptionalJwtAuthGuard)
  viewDocument(@Req() req: Request) {
    // If authenticated: req.user is populated by the JWT strategy
    const user = (req as any).user;

    if (user) {
      return { mode: 'enhanced', message: `Hello ${user.email ?? 'user'}`, content: 'Full content' };
    }

    // If not authenticated: still allowed, but limited response
    return { mode: 'public', message: 'Hello guest', content: 'Preview content' };
  }
}
```

## AI Coding Instructions

- Keep the guard **non-blocking**: it should never throw/deny solely due to missing or invalid JWT—always allow the request to continue.
- Ensure downstream code treats `req.user` as **optional** (`undefined`), and branch logic accordingly (avoid assuming authenticated state).
- Integrate with the existing **JWT strategy/passport setup** (e.g., the same validation logic as the required JWT guard), but swallow auth failures instead of propagating them.
- When adding new endpoints, use this guard for **public routes with optional personalization**, not for anything that must enforce authorization checks.

## Referenced By

- `ReaderAccountModule` (`MODULE_PROVIDES`)